# 臺灣警察專科學校專科警員班第二十一期(正期學生組)新生入學

考試

# 「英文科」題解

- 壹、單選題:
  - (→三十題均單選題,題號自第1.題至第30.題,每題二分,計六十分。
    (⇒)未作答者不給分,答錯者倒扣該題分數四分之一。
    (⇒)請將正確答案以 2B 鉛筆劃記於答案卡內。
- I字彙(第1.題至第8.題,共16分)
- (B) 1. A : What's the \_\_\_\_\_ today ? B : It's 32 degrees. (A) character (B) temperature (C) pressure (D) number °
- (D) 2. Ang Lee is a movie \_\_\_\_, whose *Crouching Tiger, Hidden Dragon* won several Oscar awards. (A) professor (B) lawyer (C) secretary (D) director °
- (A) 3. Both jaywalking and double-parking are \_\_\_\_\_ and will cause you to get a fine. (A) illegal (B) regular (C) traditional (D) comfortable °
- (D) 4. People who ride motorcycles must wear \_\_\_\_\_ for their safety. (A) glasses (B) ties (C) licenses (D) helmets °
- (B) 5. After several months' hard work, it is necessary for you to \_\_\_\_\_ for a few days. (A) retire (B) relax (C) return (D) relieve °
- (D) 6. He wrote a computer program for \_\_\_\_\_ the winning numbers of lottery. (A) graduating (B) identifying (C) recognizing (D) predicting °
- ( C ) 7. You speak too fast. I can \_\_\_\_\_ follow you. ( A ) nearly ( B ) rarely ( C ) hardly ( D ) deeply  $\circ$
- ( A ) 8. Two years ago, 921 Earthquake \_\_\_\_\_ a large number of people dead and injured. ( A ) left ( B ) caused ( C ) brought ( D ) resulted  $\circ$
- Ⅱ 成語(第9.題至第15.題,共14分)
- ( B ) 9. The radio is getting on my nerves. Please \_\_\_\_\_ . ( A ) close it off ( B ) turn it off ( C ) put it off ( D ) call it off  $\circ$
- ( A ) 10. She \_\_\_\_\_ an important detail in her report. ( A ) left out ( B ) set up ( C ) touched off ( D ) ran into  $\circ$
- ( B ) 11. Stage fright \_\_\_\_\_ her bad performance. ( A ) threw up ( B ) accounted for ( C ) looked through ( D ) set out  $\circ$
- (B) 12. The man beat his wife \_\_\_\_\_ after he had drunk too much beer. (A) black and white (B) black and blue (C) in the green (D) a black eye •
- (C) 13. If I say "It rained cats and dogs." I mean it rained \_\_\_\_\_ . (A) lightly (B)

gently (C) heavily (D) usually •

- (~A~)~ 14. Study hard, and you can make your dream \_\_\_\_\_ . ( A~)~ come true ( B~)~ carry out ( C~)~ break out ( D~)~ get off  $\circ~$
- (B) 15. The letter was so badly written that I could not \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_ what she had written. ( A ) stand for ( B ) make out ( C ) take over ( D ) made up  $\circ$ 

- Ⅲ文法(第16.題至第20.題,共10分)
- (C) 16. Would you please tell me \_\_\_\_\_? (A) what time is it (B) what time does it (C) what time it is (D) what time it has  $\circ$
- ( C ) 17. Yesterday I asked John to stay for dinner, but he insisted \_\_\_\_\_ . ( A ) going ( B ) to go ( C ) on going ( D ) to be gone  $\circ$
- ( D ) 18. I \_\_\_\_\_ in Taipei since I was a small child. ( A ) am living ( B ) live ( C ) has lived ( D ) have been living °
- (C) 19. It is difficult \_\_\_\_\_ . (A) to speak correctly English for me (B) for me to speak correctly English(C) for me to speak English correctly(D) to speak English correctly for me  $\circ$
- ( D ) 20. \_\_\_\_\_ surprised them. ( A ) The next thing that was happened ( B ) the next thing what happened ( C ) That happened next ( D ) What happened next  $\circ$
- Ⅳ句型(第21.題至第25.題,共10分)
- ( C ) 21. No sooner had he sat down \_\_\_\_\_ the phone rang. ( A ) before ( B ) when ( C ) than ( D ) because  $\circ$
- ( D ) 22. He has a lot of trouble \_\_\_\_\_ math. ( A ) studies ( B ) studied ( C ) to study ( D ) studying  $\circ$
- (~A~) 23. Only when you really love someone \_\_\_\_\_ the power of love. (~A~) can you know (~B~)~ you can know (~C~)~ you do know (~D~)~ are you know  $\circ~$
- ( B ) 24. It is no use \_\_\_\_\_ over spilt milk. ( A ) to cry( B ) crying ( C ) being crying ( D ) cried  $\circ$
- (~B~)~25. He passed the college entrance exam successfully. He \_\_\_\_\_ . ( A ) should have studied hard ( B ) must have studied hard ( C ) could study hard ( D ) is able to study hard  $\circ$

V閱讀測驗(第26.題至第30.題,共10分) 第一篇

One night a hotel caught fire, and the people who were staying in it ran out in their night clothes.

Two men stood outside and looked at the fire.

"Before I came out," said one, "I ran into some of the rooms and found a lot of money. People don't think of money when they're afraid. When anyone leaves paper money in a fire, the fire burns it. So I took all the bills that I could find. No one will be poorer because I took them."

"You don't know my work," said the other.

"What is your work?"

"I'm a policeman."

"Oh!" cried the first man. He thought quickly and said, "And do you know my work?"

"No," said the policeman.

"I'm a writer. I'm always telling stories about things that never happened."

( D ) 26. The first man \_\_\_\_\_ . ( A ) works as a fireman ( B ) was injured in the fire ( C ) is a hotel employee ( D ) has done something against the law  $^\circ$ 

(C) 27. Although he doesn't realize it, the first man is telling his story to \_\_\_\_\_. (A) a writer (B) a fireman (C) a policeman (D) his neighbor °

(B) 28. When people are afraid of a fire, they \_\_\_\_\_ . (A) steal from others (B)

don't think about their money ( C ) will be poorer ( D ) will not be burned  $\circ$  第二篇

The weatherman said: cloudy and rainy today for the southern part of Taiwan, with a high of twenty-eight degrees Celsius, or eighty-two degrees Fahrenheit. With occasional showers, a high of twenty-five degrees Celsius, or seventy-seven degrees Fahrenheit in the north. Mostly fair skies with a high of twenty-six in Taichung area. It's now twenty-two in Taipei; Taiwan and Kaohsiung, reported twenty-five. If you're going outing at Kenting, apply some suntan lotion on your skin. The UV index there, reported ten. This is David Wang reporting.

- ( B ) 29. The above passage is \_\_\_\_\_ . ( A ) a news report ( B ) a weather forecast ( C ) a classified advertisement ( D ) a business opportunity  $\circ$
- ( A ) 30. What is David Wang? ( A ) He is a reporter. ( B ) He is a writer. ( C ) He is a weatherman. ( D ) He is a viewer.  $\circ$

貳、複選題:

(一)十題,題號自第31.題至第40.題,每題四分,計四十分。

(二)答案有二至四個,須全答對者才給分,未作答及答錯者不給分也不倒扣分。(三)請將正確答案以 2B 鉛筆劃記於答案卡內。

- ( A~B~D ) 31. Every student \_\_\_\_\_ know the school regulations. ( A ) is supposed to ( B ) should ( C ) are supposed ( D ) ought to  $\circ$
- ( A D ) 32. \_\_\_\_, she is not afraid of snakes. ( A ) Though she is a girl ( B ) She is a girl ( C ) A girl as she is ( D ) Girl as she is  $\circ$
- ( A B C )33. He failed in the exam \_\_\_\_ his laziness.( A )as a result of( B )because of ( C ) on account of ( D ) with a view to  $\circ$
- (AC) 34. The pilots of a Russian plane \_\_\_\_\_ Cairo will use English to ask for

landing instructions. ( A ) who are approaching ( B ) approach ( C ) approaching ( D ) is approaching  $\circ$ 

- ( B D )35. \_\_\_\_ doing homework, I have to review old and new lessons.( A )Beside ( B ) Besides ( C ) In addition ( D ) In addition to °
- ( B~C~D ) 36. We \_\_\_\_\_ smoking in the classroom. ( A ) oppose to ( B ) object to ( C ) are opposed to ( D ) are against  $\circ$
- ( A C ) 37. \_\_\_\_\_ a word as long as this.( A )I have never seen( B )Because I never saw ( C ) Never have I seen ( D ) Never I have seen  $\circ$
- ( A~B~C ) 38. Where did the fire \_\_\_\_\_ ? ( A ) take place ( B ) occur ( C ) happen ( D ) take the place of  $\circ$
- ( B~D ) 39. I can't swim, \_\_\_\_\_ . ( A ) and he can't, too ( B ) and he can't, either ( C ) and neither does he ( D ) and neither can he  $\circ$
- (~A~D~)~40. I will bring an umbrella \_\_\_\_\_ . ( A~) in case it rains ( B~) unless it rains ( C~) in order that it rains ( D~) in case of rain  $\circ$

# 臺灣警察專科學校專科警員班第二十二期(正期學生組)新生入

學考試—

「英文」題解

壹、單選題:

#### I.Vocabulary :

- ( B ) 1. The SARS virus spreads through \_\_\_\_\_ by sneezing or coughing. ( A ) blood ( B ) droplets ( C ) dropouts ( D ) drug  $\circ$
- ( B ) 2. The old manager decided to \_\_\_\_\_ from his post for his poor health. ( A ) keep ( B ) resign ( C ) attack ( D ) collect •
- ( C ) 3. The coronavirus is full of \_\_\_\_\_ for scientists to solve. ( A ) voters ( B ) channels ( C ) mysteries ( D ) cards  $\circ$
- (B) 4. Never judge a person by his appearance because it is \_\_\_\_\_. (A) entertaining (B) deceiving (C) polluting (D) singing •
- (A) 5. In a democratic country, people should learn to be \_\_\_\_\_\_ of others' opinions. (A) tolerant (B) ignorant (C) creative (D) attractive °
- (C) 6. The miserable accident happened due to his \_\_\_\_\_ driving.(A)safe(B) earnest (C) reckless (D) careful °
- ( A ) 7. The flight was \_\_\_\_\_ for three hours because of the typhoon.( A )delayed ( B ) inquired ( C ) conducted ( D ) succeeded  $\circ$
- ( B )8. A devoted person always \_\_\_\_\_ on something he is learning.( A )treasures ( B ) concentrates ( C ) emphasizes ( D ) complains  $\circ$
- ( B ) 9. Whatever happens, we ought to keep life in \_\_\_\_\_. ( A ) protection ( B ) perspective ( C ) prevention ( D ) production  $\circ$

# II. Sentence Pattern :

- ( B ) 10. Is Test 4 \_\_\_\_\_ of all the four tests ?~(A~) more difficult ( B~) the most difficult ( C~) the more difficult ( D~) difficult  $^\circ$
- (B) 11. Is playing basketball games more exciting than

them ? (A) to watch (B) watching (C) watched (D) watch  $\circ$ 

- ( D ) 12. It's high time the government \_\_\_\_\_ something about the economic depression. ( A ) to do ( B ) do ( C ) done ( D ) did °
- (D) 13. Only when you are away from home \_\_\_\_\_. (A) you will miss your parents (B) you know your parents do love you (C) you will be more independent (D) will you realize how sweet home is °

(C) 14.\_\_\_\_ you like it or not, you have to take your temperature daily for the sake of your health. (A) Which (B) Why (C) Whether (D) What  $\circ$ 

# III.Grammar :

- (A) 15. I \_\_\_\_\_ play baseball, but I don't play it now. (A) used to (B) am used to (C) was used to (D) am using to °
- (D) 16. I just had to see \_\_\_\_\_ it felt like. (A) how (B) when (C) why (D) what °
- ( B ) 17. You must return the book tomorrow, \_\_\_\_\_ you will be fined. ( A ) and ( B ) or ( C ) but ( D ) unless  $\circ$
- ( B )18. He \_\_\_\_\_ but fool around every day when he was young.( A )was nothing ( B ) did nothing ( C ) can not ( D ) can't help  $\circ$
- ( C ) 19. The car ran over a dog and a boy \_\_\_\_\_ just crossing the street. ( A ) who was ( B ) that was ( C ) that were ( D ) which were  $\circ$
- ( A ) 20. The student can score higher marks if he \_\_\_\_\_ a little harder. ( A ) tries ( B ) had tried ( C ) tried ( D ) would try  $\circ$
- (C)21. Never \_\_\_\_\_ heard of the infectious SARS virus in her life.(A)she(B) she does (C) has she (D) is she °
- ( D ) 22. It was a beautiful memory to swim in the stream

gently in front of your house. ( A ) flows ( B ) flew ( C ) to flow ( D ) flowing  $\circ$ 

- (~A~) 23. The old man saw his grandson \_\_\_\_\_ with a dog in the yard. ( A~) playing ( B~)~ plays ( C~)~ to play ( D~)~ played  $\circ~$
- ( D ) 24. I have to do it, but Peter \_\_\_\_\_. ( A ) hasn't ( B ) don't ( C ) isn't ( D ) doesn't  $\circ$

# **IV.Reading Comprehension**:

 $A \cdot Although marine turtles spend most of their time at sea, they come to land to lay their eggs. The female goes ashore at night on a remote sandy beach and scratches a hole in the sand. There she lays her eggs in a clutch of up to 200 which may take her several nights to complete. Her task done, she abandons the eggs and returns to sea. The eggs are incubated in the warm sand and hatched with no aid or further interest from their mother.$ 

- (C) 25. Who hatches the baby marine turtles ? (A) Their mother does. (B) Their father does. (C) The warm sand does. (D) The sea water does.
- (B) 26. Which of the following statements is true? (A) During the spawn period, the female marine turtle can lay only one egg each day. (B) After laid by their mother, the baby turtles are deserted by their mother. (C) The female turtles go to lay their eggs in company with their mates. (D) The baby marine turtles are brought up by their father.

 $B \cdot$  Italy enjoyed a highly developed and specialized civilization from about 264 B.C. until the fall of the Roman Empire in 476 A.D.. Important contributions were made in art, science, education, religion, and architecture. Remains of Roman-built structures can still be seen in various parts of Africa and Europe today.Probably the most lasting of the Roman heritage to the world can be found in laws based on Roman legal principles as found in England, Latin America, and the United States, as well as the Roman alphabet which

forms the basis of many languages among which are English, Spanish, and German.

- (C) 27. Which of the following is considered the most enduring heritage of the Romans? (A) art (B) science (C) law (D) education  $\circ$
- (C) 28. All of the following are true except \_\_\_\_\_. (A) Roman law was so advanced that other nations adopted Roman legal principles. (B) Ruins of some Roman-built structures can be found. (C) Roman Empires fell in the fourth century A.D.. (D) The ancient Romans were talented in many areas.

 $C \sim$  Members of one of the finest detective forces in the world wear no badges and carry no guns. Their only weapons are their strength and courage and a diploma from an intensive school—the Police Service Dog Center near Ottawa, Canada.

From the time he enters school, each dog recruit is instilled with severe military discipline. First, he is taught to obey, sit and lie down. Next comes field training where he learns how to track down clues, guard prisoners, and rescue a drowning man or a victim pinned under a fallen tree. Another difficult lesson the dog detective must master is to accept food only once a day—and from no one but his trainer. This lesson is his best insurance against the jaws of a baited trap or the painful death from poisoned meat. In his final lessons the Police Service dog learns to jump through windows, to climb up and down ladders and to capture an armed man without getting shot. Not only must he be tough—the dog must be a gentleman, too, because many of his missions are retrieving lost children.

- (D) 29. What is the topic of this reading? (A) The Life of Dogs in Canada (B)
   The Training of Police in Canada (C) The Diet of Police Dogs in Canada
   (D) The Training of Police Dogs in Canada °
- ( D ) 30. According to the passage, the police dogs are instilled with severe military discipline in \_\_\_\_\_. ( A ) one step ( B ) two steps ( C ) three steps ( D ) four steps °

貳、多重選擇題:

### V.Idioms :

example (E) At most ° For )32. All meetings had to be cancelled \_\_\_\_\_ the heavy snowstorm.( A ) ( 全 as a result of (B) because of (C) on account of (D) owing to (E) due to  $\circ$ ) 33. English an international language. (A) is regarded as (B) A C ( cuts down on (C) is referred to as (D) shows off (E) backs up  $\circ$ ) 34. Can you \_\_\_\_\_ why he has such strange behavior ? ( A ) result СD ( from ( B ) hold back ( C ) figure out ( D ) work out ( E ) fix up  $\circ$ ) 35. Those who work hard succeed. (A) are bound to (B) ( A B D are sure to (C) are fed up with (D) are certain to (E) are in  $\circ$ ВС )36. Don't be angry with your son. What he said was a joke. (A) ( no less than ( B ) nothing but ( C ) nothing more than ( D ) by no means (E) no way • ( BCE ) 37. When the president retires, his son will the company. (A) fall behind (B) take over (C) be in charge of ( D ) take off ( E ) take charge of  $\circ$ ) 38. Some children are of ghost stories. (A) afraid (B) fear ΑD ( ( C ) worrying ( D ) scared ( E ) frightening  $\circ$ ) 39. I didn't mean to interrupt you.Please \_\_\_\_. ( A ) go on ( B ) blow ( ΑE up (C) put out (D) tear down (E) keep on  $\circ$ ) 40. the boss appeared at the door. His employees weren't ( ΑE expecting him to drop by. (A) All of a sudden (B) As soon as (C) According to (D) In vain (E) All at once  $\circ$ 

# 臺灣警察專科學校專科警員班第二十三期(正期學生組)新生入

學考試

「英文」題解

#### 壹、單選題:

# I.字彙

- (B) 1. The \_\_\_\_\_ of the state announced a new measure to reduce the crime rate. (A) terrorist (B) governor (C) criminal (D) customer
- (C) 2. This \_\_\_\_\_\_ neighborhood has several parks for children to play in. (A) responsible
   (B) respiratory (C) residential (D) restrictive
- (A) 3. Uncle Mike has no \_\_\_\_\_ for noisy children.(A) tolerance(B) territory (C) technology (D) terrace
- (C) 4. Mrs. White accused her husband of his deliberate \_\_\_\_\_\_ to their son's need for medical care. (A) intelligence (B) independence (C) indifference
   (D) integration
- (B) 5. What you eat every day will directly \_\_\_\_\_ your health. (A) enact (B) affect (C) effective (D) affective
- ( A )6. The SARS epidemic is a \_\_\_\_\_ facing the whole of mankind.( A )disaster ( B ) sufferer ( C ) survivor ( D ) climber
- (C) 7. Henry got a big \_\_\_\_\_. He's now manager of the company. (A) investigation (B) corruption (C) promotion (D) exploration
- ( A )8. It's not easy to tell one's \_\_\_\_\_ age.( A )exact( B )previous( C )former ( D ) foregoing °
- (A) 9. The audience \_\_\_\_\_ and cheered when the Nobel Prize winner stood up to speak. (A) clapped (B) chewed (C) clipped (D) clicked

**II.**成語

- (C)10. Jenny has just \_\_\_\_\_ with her boyfriend.(A)cut in(B)fallen off(C) broken up (D) backed down
- (A) 11. We had to \_\_\_\_\_ the inconvenience. (A) put up with (B) take advantage of (C) keep an eye on (D) beat up on
- ( D ) 12. The baseball game has been canceled \_\_\_\_\_ the heavy rain. ( A ) in addition to ( B ) in accordance with ( C ) in spite of ( D ) as a result of
- (C)13. The accident caused by a careless driver \_\_\_\_\_ two deaths.(A)counted on
   (B) broke with (C) resulted in (D) resulted from
- (D) 14. The doctor told him to \_\_\_\_\_\_ smoking and drinking. (A) burst out (B)

drop in on (C) give off (D) cut down on

(B) 15. After a long delay, he \_\_\_\_\_ writing the letter. (A) looked up to (B) got around to (C) came across (D) came down with

# III.文法

- (C) 16. If I had gone to the party last night, I \_\_\_\_\_ tired now. (A) am (B) were (C) would be (D) would have been
- ( D )17. The brown dog \_\_\_\_\_ lives in Paul's back yard is called Bobby.( A )what ( B ) whom ( C ) whose ( D ) that
- (B) 18. On reaching the station, I found that my friend \_\_\_\_\_\_. (A) has arrived
   (B) had arrived (C) is arriving (D) arrives
- (B) 19. She \_\_\_\_\_ there now, but I am not sure. (A) maybe (B) might be (C) may have been (D) might have been
- (A) 20. Let us keep our streets, parks and \_\_\_\_\_ public places clean. (A) other
   (B) another (C) others (D) the others

IV.句型

- ( A )21. He insists that she \_\_\_\_\_ as soon as possible.( A )come( B )came( C ) comes ( D ) has come
- ( B ) 22. She had great difficulty \_\_\_\_\_ a job.( A ) find( B ) finding( C ) to find ( D ) found
- (C) 23. The software \_\_\_\_\_ you to access the Internet in seconds. (A) lets (B) makes (C) enables (D) has
- ( B ) 24. Three points in this report are especially \_\_\_\_\_ of notice.( A ) worth( B ) worthy ( C ) worthwhile ( D ) worth while
- (D) 25. I cannot make myself \_\_\_\_\_ English. (A) to understand (B) understanding (C) understood (D) understood in

#### V.閱讀測驗

第一篇:

Most people today insist that there is an inadequate amount of time to meet all the demands of their jobs, their families, and the modern world.Even with all the time-saving devices of modern industrial society,many people still lead hectic lives.They make commitments to do things every evening after work and use their weekends to catch up on housework and sleep.Modern transportation gets them quickly form home to office to health club to restaurant.People can now pack more activities into a single day than their ancestors dreamed possible,yet they still seem to be always running out of time.With constant interruptions from telephone calls or visitors,they are unable to make time for everything that requires attention.Sometimes so many things are going on at once that they feel overwhelmed, desperately in need of some breathing space in which they can collect their thoughts.Spare time can be hard to find, and when the boss pops his head in the door to ask,"Do you have a minute?",the temptation is to say, "No!"

- (B) 26. According to the passage, many people today lead \_\_\_\_\_ lives. (A) leisurely (B) busy (C) harmonious (D) tranquil
- (A) 27. People can now do more things in a single day than their ancestors, but they still think \_\_\_\_\_. (A) they seldom have time enough for life (B) they can have more dreams than their ancestors (C) they spend too much time doing housework on weekdays. (D) leisure time is easy to find

第二篇:

Dr. Henry Lee was born in China on November 22, 1938.He graduated in 1960 from the Central Police College with a degree in Police Science.After working in the Taipei City Police Department for several years as a police officer, he came to the United States to pursue further study.In 1972 he earned his B.S. Degree in Forensic Science from John Jay College of Criminal Justice in New York.He went on to study science and biochemistry at New York University and earned his M.S.Degree in 1974 and Ph. D. in Biochemistry in 1975.He also holds an honorary Doctor of Science Degree, conferred by the University of New Haven,honorary Doctor of Laws from Roger Williams University,Rhode Island, honorary Doctor of Humane Letters from St. Joseph College and the University of Bridgeport in Bridgeport,Connecticut. He has also completed many special training courses at the FBI Academy; Alcohol, Firearms and Tobacco Agency;Drug Enforcement Agency;Royal Canadian Mounted Police and other law enforcement training programs.

Dr. Lee is best known for his work in forensic serology, which is the identification of blood, hair, semen and tissue types. Dr. Lee is also known for his work in fingerprint matching, ballistics testing, fiber and paint sample investigation, and blood splatter and crime scene reconstruction. Dr. Lee has authored or co-authored over 20 books and articles dealing with forensic science and has received numerous awards, citations and commendations from law enforcement agencies.

- (D) 28. The above passage is \_\_\_\_\_. (A) an editorial (B) a classified advertisement (C) a weather forecast (D) a biography
- (C) 29. Which of the following is true? (A) Dr. Lee comes from Connecticut. (B)
   Dr. Lee is a famous lawyer. (C) Dr. Lee is good at forensic science. (D)
   Dr. Lee wrote books about politics.
- (B) 30. In what year did Dr. Lee earn a degree in Police Science? (A) 1938 (B) 1960 (C) 1972 (D) 1975

貳、多重選擇題:

( B C D )31. that, I haven't decided yet. (A) As against (B) As regards

(C) With regard to (D) Regarding (E) As it is

- ( A C ) 32. These measures have been taken \_\_\_\_\_ increasing the company's profits. ( A ) with the aim of ( B ) in order to ( C ) with a view to ( D ) so as to ( E ) according to
- ( B D )33. There \_\_\_\_\_ to be some mistake. ( A )appeals ( B )seems ( C ) attends ( D ) appears ( E ) aspires
- ( BC )34. I \_\_\_\_\_ to be out when she called.( A )chose( B )chanced( C ) happened ( D ) occurred ( E ) took place
- ( 全 ) 35. Tell me \_\_\_\_\_ he arrived here yesterday.( A ) the time( B ) when
   ( C ) the time when ( D ) the time that ( E ) the time at which
- ( A B C ) 36. Everybody thinks my idea \_\_\_\_\_. ( A ) to be wonderful ( B )
  wonderful( C ) is wonderful( D ) be wonderful( E ) to wonderful
- ( B D E ) 37. \_\_\_\_\_ in his room, he didn't know what happened outside. ( A ) He was studying ( B ) As he was studying ( C ) Though he was studying ( D ) Studying ( E ) Because he was studying
- (CDE) 38. You need time and money. \_\_\_\_\_, you need diligence. (A) However (B) Therefore (C) Besides (D) Moreover (E) In addition
- ( A C )39. Walk faster, \_\_\_\_\_ the train.( A )or you'll miss( B )or you'll catch
   ( C )and you'll catch( D )and you'll miss( E )and you won't catch
- ( A B )40. I've never been to \_\_\_\_\_ restaurant before.( A )such an expensive
  - (B) so expensive a (C) such expensive (D) so an expensive (E) such expensive a